

SSJ User's Guide

Package **randvarmulti**

Generating Random Vectors

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This package is a multivariate version of the package **randvar**. It implements random number generators for some (nonuniform) multivariate distributions.

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Overview

This package provides a collection of classes for non-uniform random variate generation, very similar to `randvar`, but for multivariate distributions.

RandomMultivariateGen

This class is the multivariate counterpart of `RandomVariateGen`. It is the base class for general random variate generators over the d -dimensional real space \mathbb{R}^d . It specifies the signature of the `nextPoint` method, which is normally called to generate a random vector from a given distribution. Contrary to univariate distributions and generators, here the inversion method is not well defined, so we cannot construct a multivariate generator simply by passing a multivariate distribution and a stream; we must specify a generating method as well. For this reason, this class is abstract. Generators can be constructed only by invoking the constructor of a subclass. This is an important difference with `RandomVariateGen`.

```
package umontreal.iro.lecuyer.randvarmulti;

public abstract class RandomMultivariateGen
```

Methods

```
abstract public void nextPoint (double[] p);
```

Generates a random point p using the the stream contained in this object.

```
public void nextArrayOfPoints (double[][] v, int start, int n)
```

Generates n random points. These points are stored in the array v , starting at index `start`. Thus $v[\text{start}][i]$ contains coordinate i of the first generated point. By default, this method calls `nextPoint` n times, but one can override it in subclasses for better efficiency. The array argument $v[][d]$ must have d elements reserved for each generated point before calling this method.

```
public int getDimension()
```

Returns the dimension of this multivariate generator (the dimension of the random points).

```
public RandomStream getStream()
```

Returns the `RandomStream` used by this object.

```
public void setStream (RandomStream stream)
```

Sets the `RandomStream` used by this object to `stream`.

MultinormalCholeskyGen

Extends `RandomMultivariateGen` for a *multivariate normal* (or *multinormal*) distribution [1], generated via a Cholesky decomposition of the covariance matrix. The d -dimensional multivariate normal distribution with mean vector $\boldsymbol{\mu} \in \mathbb{R}^d$ and (symmetric positive-definite) covariance matrix $\boldsymbol{\Sigma}$, denoted $N(\boldsymbol{\mu}, \boldsymbol{\Sigma})$, has density

$$f(\mathbf{X}) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{(2\pi)^d \det(\boldsymbol{\Sigma})}} \exp\left(-(\mathbf{X} - \boldsymbol{\mu})^t \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} (\mathbf{X} - \boldsymbol{\mu})/2\right),$$

for all $\mathbf{X} \in \mathbb{R}^d$. If $\mathbf{Z} \sim N(\mathbf{0}, \mathbf{I})$ where \mathbf{I} is the identity matrix, \mathbf{Z} is said to have the *standard multinormal* distribution. For the special case of $d = 2$, if the random vector $\mathbf{X} = (X_1, X_2)^t$ has a bivariate normal distribution, then it has mean $\boldsymbol{\mu} = (\mu_1, \mu_2)^t$, and covariance matrix

$$\boldsymbol{\Sigma} = \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_1^2 & \rho\sigma_1\sigma_2 \\ \rho\sigma_1\sigma_2 & \sigma_2^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

if and only if $\text{Var}[X_1] = \sigma_1^2$, $\text{Var}[X_2] = \sigma_2^2$, where $\sigma_1 > 0$ and $\sigma_2 > 0$, and the linear correlation between X_1 and X_2 is ρ .

In this class, the covariance matrix is decomposed (by the constructor) as $\boldsymbol{\Sigma} = \mathbf{A}\mathbf{A}^t$ where \mathbf{A} is a lower-triangular matrix (this is the Cholesky decomposition), and \mathbf{X} is generated via

$$\mathbf{X} = \boldsymbol{\mu} + \mathbf{A}\mathbf{Z},$$

where \mathbf{Z} is a d -dimensional vector of independent standard normal random variates. The constructor specifies how these normal variates are generated. ^[1]

```
package umontreal.iro.lecuyer.randvarmulti;
```

```
public class MultinormalCholeskyGen extends RandomMultivariateGen
```

Constructors

```
public MultinormalCholeskyGen (NormalGen gen1, int d)
```

Constructs a generator with the standard multinormal distribution (with $\boldsymbol{\mu} = \mathbf{0}$ and $\boldsymbol{\Sigma} = \mathbf{I}$) in d dimensions. Each vector \mathbf{Z} will be generated via d successive calls to `gen1`, which must be a *standard normal* generator.

```
public MultinormalCholeskyGen (NormalGen gen1, double[] mu,
                               DoubleMatrix2D sigma)
```

Constructs a multinormal generator with mean vector `mu` and covariance matrix `sigma`. The mean vector must have the same length as the dimensions of the covariance matrix, which must be symmetric and positive-definite. If any of the above conditions is violated, an

¹ From Richard: Rajouter un constructeur `MultinormalCholeskyGen (RandomStream, int d)`

exception is thrown. The vector \mathbf{Z} is generated by calling d times the generator **gen1**, which must be *standard normal*.

```
public MultinormalCholeskyGen (NormalGen gen1, double[] mu,
                               double[][] sigma)
```

Equivalent to `MultinormalCholeskyGen (gen1, mu, new DenseDoubleMatrix2D (sigma))`.

Methods

```
public double[] getMu()
```

Returns the mean vector used by this generator.

```
public double getMu (int i)
```

Returns the i -th component of the mean vector for this generator.

```
public void setMu (double[] mu)
```

Sets the mean vector to `mu`.

```
public void setMu (int i, double mui)
```

Sets the i -th component of the mean vector to `mui`.

```
public DoubleMatrix2D getSigma()
```

Returns the covariance matrix Σ used by this generator.

```
public DoubleMatrix2D getCholeskyDecompSigma()
```

Returns the lower-triangular matrix \mathbf{A} in the Cholesky decomposition of Σ .

```
public void setSigma (DoubleMatrix2D sigma)
```

Sets the covariance matrix Σ of this multinormal generator to `sigma` (and recomputes \mathbf{A}).

```
public static void nextPoint (NormalGen gen1, double[] mu,
                             DoubleMatrix2D sigma, double[] p)
```

Generates a d -dimensional vector from the multinormal distribution with mean vector `mu` and covariance matrix `sigma`, using the one-dimensional normal generator **gen1** to generate the coordinates of \mathbf{Z} , and using the cholesky decomposition of Σ . The resulting vector is put into `p`. Note that this static method may be very slow for large dimension, because it computes the Cholesky decomposition at every call. It is therefore recommended to use a **MultinormalCholeskyGen** object instead, as soon as the method is to be called more than once.

```
public static void nextPoint (NormalGen gen1, double[] mu,
                             double[][] sigma, double[] p)
```

Equivalent to `nextPoint (gen1, mu, new DenseDoubleMatrix2D (sigma), p)`.

```
public void nextPoint (double[] p)
```

Generates a point from this multinormal distribution.

MultiNormalGen

THIS CLASS HAS BEEN RENAMED MultinormalCholeskyGen AND IS NOW DEPRECATED. IT WILL BE REMOVED IN FUTURE RELEASE.

Extends `RandomMultivariateGen` for a *multivariate normal* distribution [1]. For a mean vector $\boldsymbol{\mu} \in \mathbb{R}^d$ and a symmetric positive-definite covariance matrix $\boldsymbol{\Sigma}$, $\mathbf{X} \in \mathbb{R}^d$ has the d -dimensional multivariate normal distribution $N(\boldsymbol{\mu}, \boldsymbol{\Sigma})$ with density

$$f(\mathbf{x}) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{(2\pi)^d \det(\boldsymbol{\Sigma})}} \exp\left(-(\mathbf{x} - \boldsymbol{\mu})^T \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} (\mathbf{x} - \boldsymbol{\mu})/2\right),$$

where $\mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{R}^d$.

In the two-dimensionnal case, assuming mean $\boldsymbol{\mu} = [\mu_1, \mu_2]$, variances $\text{var}[X] = \sigma_1^2$, $\text{var}[Y] = \sigma_2^2$ such that $\sigma_1 > 0$, $\sigma_2 > 0$ and correlation ρ , we have

$$\boldsymbol{\Sigma} = \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_1^2 & \rho\sigma_1\sigma_2 \\ \rho\sigma_1\sigma_2 & \sigma_2^2 \end{bmatrix}.$$

```
package umontreal.iro.lecuyer.randvarmulti;
public class MultiNormalGen extends RandomMultivariateGen
```

Constructors

```
public MultiNormalGen (NormalGen gen1, int d)
```

Constructs a standard d -dimensional multinormal generator, using the one-dimensional generator `gen1`.

```
public MultiNormalGen (NormalGen gen1, double[] mu, DoubleMatrix2D sigma)
```

Constructs a multinormal generator with mean vector `mu` and covariance matrix `sigma`, using the one-dimensional normal generator `gen1`. The mean vector must have the same length as the dimensions of the covariance matrix, which must be symmetric and positive-definite. If any of the above conditions is violated, an exception is thrown.

```
public MultiNormalGen (NormalGen gen1, double[] mu, double[][] sigma)
```

Equivalent to `MultiNormalGen (gen1, mu, new DenseDoubleMatrix2D (sigma))`.

Methods

```
public double[] getMu()
```

Returns the mean vector used by this generator.

```
public double getMu (int i)
```

Returns the i -th component of the mean vector for this generator.

```
public void setMu (double[] mu)
```

Sets the mean vector to `mu`.

```
public void setMu (int i, double mui)
```

Sets the i -th component of the mean vector to `mui`.

```
public DoubleMatrix2D getSigma()
```

Returns the covariance matrix Σ used by this generator.

```
public DoubleMatrix2D getCholeskyDecompSigma()
```

Returns the Cholesky decomposition of the covariance matrix used for generating the vectors. The returned matrix \mathbf{A} is defined such that $\Sigma = \mathbf{A}^T \mathbf{A}$.

```
public void setSigma (DoubleMatrix2D sigma)
```

Sets the covariance matrix of this multinormal generator to `sigma`.

```
public static void nextPoint (NormalGen gen1, double[] mu,
                             DoubleMatrix2D sigma, double[] p)
```

Generates a point from the multinormal distribution with mean vector `mu`, and covariance matrix `sigma`, using the one-dimensional normal generator `gen1`. The resulting vector is put into `p`. Note that this static method may be slow for large dimension, because it needs to compute the Cholesky decomposition at every call. It is therefore recommended to use a `MultiNormalGen` object instead.

```
public static void nextPoint (NormalGen gen1, double[] mu,
                             double[][] sigma, double[] p)
```

Equivalent to `nextPoint (gen1, mu, new DenseDoubleMatrix2D (sigma), p)`.

```
public void nextPoint (double[] p)
```

Generates a point from the multinormal distribution.

DirichletGen

Extends `RandomMultivariateGen` for a *Dirichlet* [1] distribution. This distribution uses the parameters $\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_k$, and has density

$$f(x_1, \dots, x_k) = \frac{\Gamma(\alpha_0) \prod_{i=1}^k x_i^{\alpha_i-1}}{\prod_{i=1}^k \Gamma(\alpha_i)}$$

where $\alpha_0 = \sum_{i=1}^k \alpha_i$.

Here, the successive coordinates of the Dirichlet vector are generated ^[2] via the class `GammaAcceptanceRejectionGen` in package `randvar`, using the same stream for all the uniforms.

```
package umontreal.iro.lecuyer.randvarmulti;
public class DirichletGen extends RandomMultivariateGen
```

Constructor

```
public DirichletGen (RandomStream stream, double[] alphas)
```

Constructs a new Dirichlet generator with parameters $\alpha_{i+1} = \text{alphas}[i]$, for $i = 0, \dots, k-1$, and the stream `stream`.

Methods

```
public double getAlpha (int i)
```

Returns the α_{i+1} parameter for this Dirichlet generator.

```
public static void nextPoint (RandomStream stream, double[] alphas,
                             double[] p)
```

Generates a new point from the Dirichlet distribution with parameters `alphas`, using the stream `stream`. The generated values are placed into `p`.

```
public void nextPoint (double[] p)
```

Generates a point from the Dirichlet distribution.

² From Pierre: How?

References

- [1] N. L. Johnson and S. Kotz. *Distributions in Statistics: Continuous Multivariate Distributions*. John Wiley, New York, NY, 1972.