

A Textual Syntax with Tool Support for the Goal-oriented Requirement Language

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Outline

- Goal-oriented Requirement Language
- ► The Current Challenges
- Other Textual Syntax for Goal Modeling
- ► TGRL: A Textual Syntax for GRL
- TGRL Editor and Transformation
- Conclusion and Future Work



Goal-oriented Requirement Language (GRL)

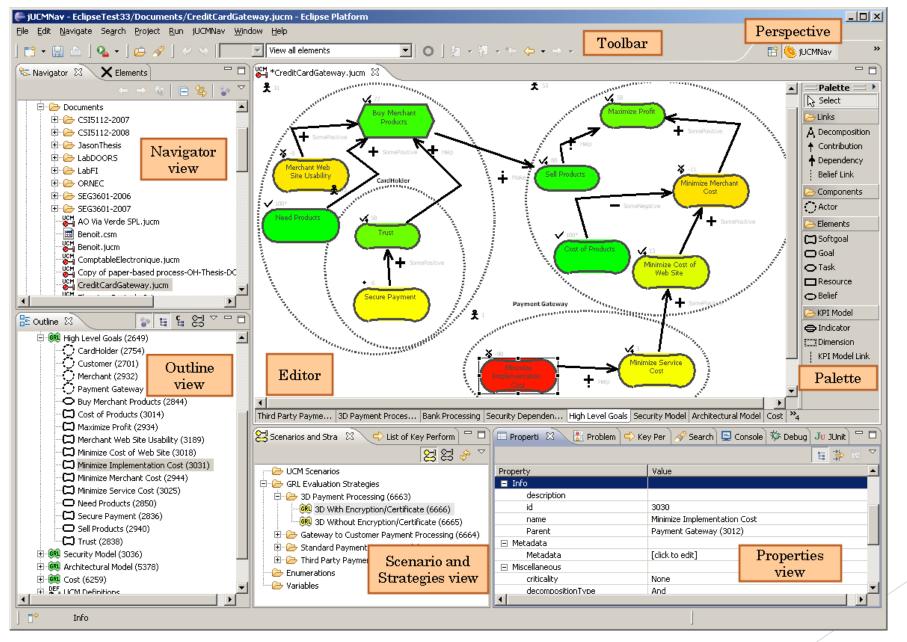
- Models the intentions of actors and systems, together with their various relationships
- GRL core concepts:
 - Actors
 - Intentional elements (e.g., goals, softgoals, tasks, resources and beliefs)
 - links (decompositions, dependencies, weighted contributions)
 - Indicators

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Goal-oriented Requirement Language (GRL) cont.

- Metadata and typed URN links
- GRL model analysis through strategies
 - Qualitative (using contribution, satisfaction, and importance values from their respective enumerated types)
 - Quantitative (using integer values in specific ranges)
- Contribution changes
- Supported by jUCMNav

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What's the Issue?

- Creating/modifying goal models is often a tedious task with current graphical environments.
- It's not easy to create GRL models with complex features (e.g., strategies and contribution overrides)
- It is difficu offers good syntax for GRL and purposes.
- We don't know how much graphical syntax is good for the modeling



Other Textual Syntax for Goal Modeling

- Liu and Yu [1] provided a textual grammar and an XMLbased interchange format
 - Not simple and easy to be read by human (less cognitively affective)
- Formal Tropos's textual syntax [2]
 - supports an inner layer for declaring constraints on attributes and supports temporal logic properties
 - is more declarative, verbose, and limited in scope
 - does not have a feature-rich editor

TGRL: A Textual Syntax for GRL

- Used guiding principle inspired from the design of Umple
 - Simplicity, consistency, and a programming language-like look and feel

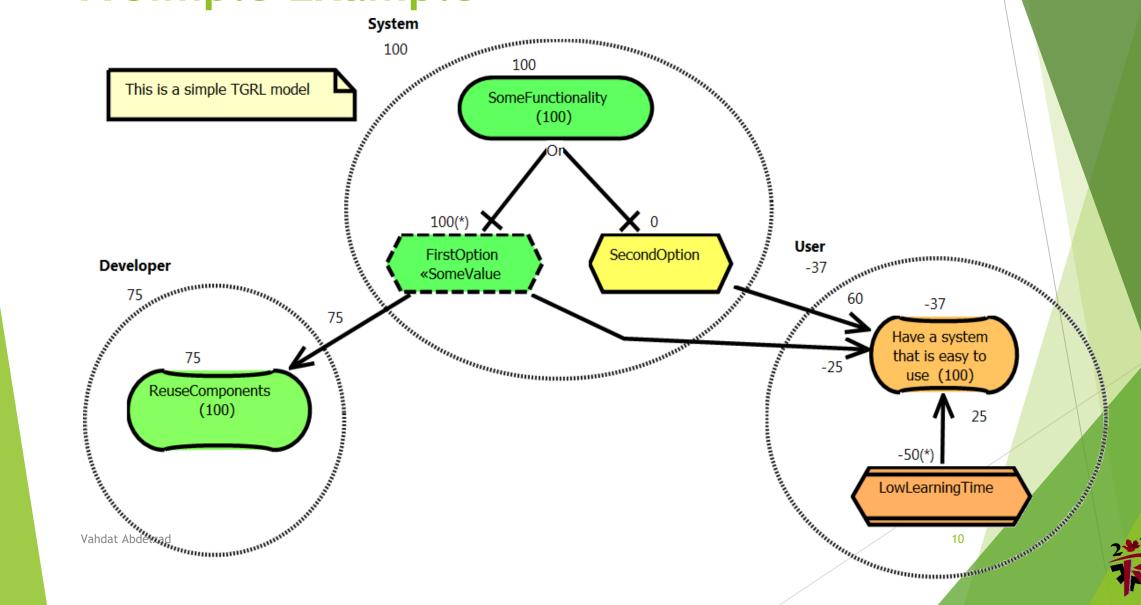
Aligned the syntax and especially keywords with jUCMNav's metamodel

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TGRL: General Rules

- GRL elements are usually defined through keywords using CamelCase boundaries (e.g., a softgoal intentional element is represented by a softGoal).
- String values are surrounded by quotation marks.
- Model element properties and sub-elements (if any) are set inside curly brackets.
- Every definition ends with a semicolon except when a pair of curly brackets is utilized to include either sub-elements or properties.
- Comments are delimited by // and /*...*/
- Most elements have a textual identifier (ID) as well as optional metadata (name-value pairs).

A Simple Example





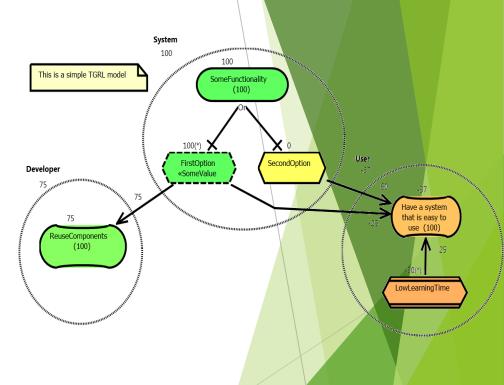


Main structure and Comments

```
grl IStar2015 {

    // A Graphical Model comment
    comment "This is a simple TGRL model";

    /*
    * textual modeling comment
    */
```



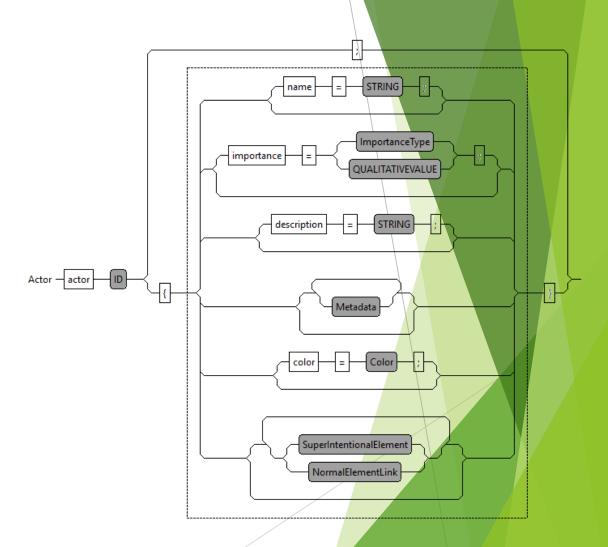
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TGRI: Actors

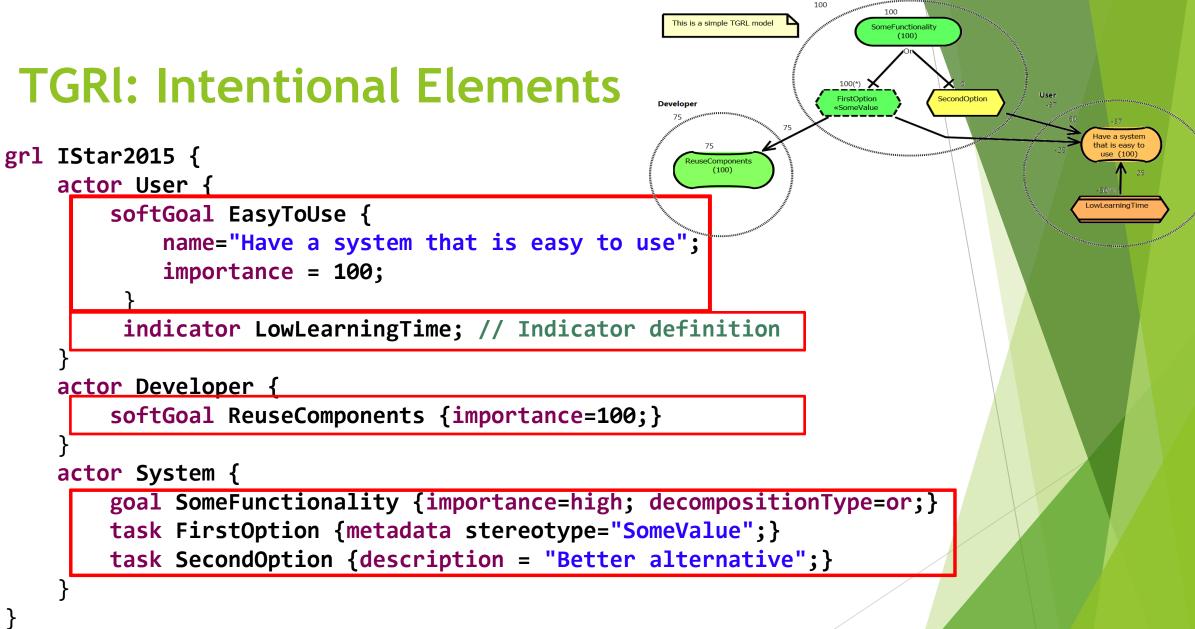
```
grl IStar2015{
    actor User;

    actor Developer { }

    actor System {
    }
}
```







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System

TGRI: Element Links

```
actor User {
    softGoal EasyToUse; indicator LowLearningTime;
    LowLearningTime contributesTo EasyToUse {name=C2;help;};
actor Developer {softGoal ReuseComponents;
actor System {
   goal SomeFunctionality; task FirstOption; task SecondOption;
    SomeFunctionality decomposedBy FirstOption, SecondOption;
   FirstOption contributesTo Developer.ReuseComponents {75;};
```

his is a simple TGRL mode

```
System.FirstOption contributesTo User.EasyToUse {hurt;};
System.SecondOption contributesTo User.EasyToUse {name=C1;60;};
```

```
link mustUse; // Link type definition
User mustUse System; // Link instance between two actors
```

SecondOption



TGRI: Evaluation Strategies

```
This is a simple TGRL model

SomeFunctionality
(100)

FirstOption
SomeValue

SecondOption

ReuseComponents
(100)

LowLearningTime
```

```
strategy SelectFirst {
    System.FirstOption = satisfied;

User.LowLearningTime = {unit="minutes"; target=30.0; threshold=60.0;
    worst=120.0; eval=90.0;}
}
```

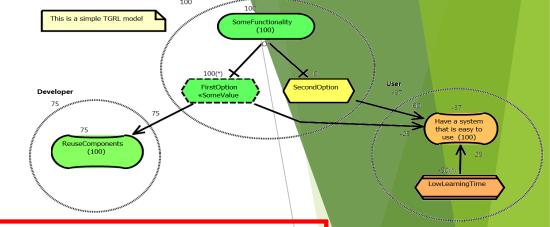
```
strategy SelectSecond extends SelectFirst { // Strategy inclusion!
   System.FirstOption = none; // Overridden
   System.SecondOption = 100; // Added, quantitatively this time
}
strategy RangeExample extends SelectFirst {
   System.FirstOption = {start = 10; end = 40; step = 5;}
}
```

strategyGroup MyGroup includes SelectFirst, SelectSecond, RangeExample;

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TGRI: Contribution overrides



```
contribution FirstOverride {
    System.C1 = 30; User.C2 = make;
}

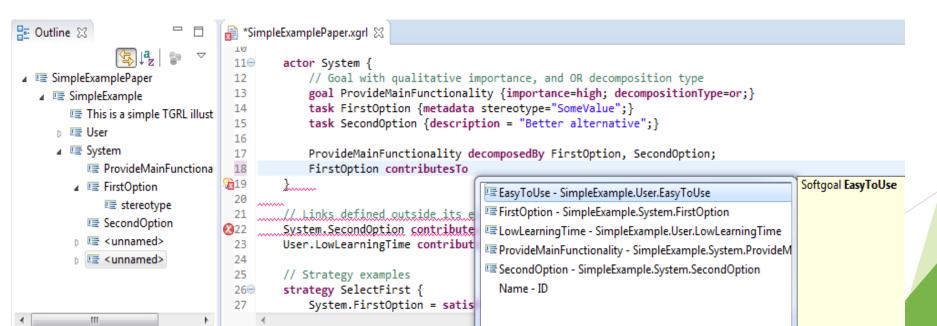
contribution SecondOverride extends FirstOverride {
    System.C1 = {start = -40; end = 0; step = 10;}
}
```

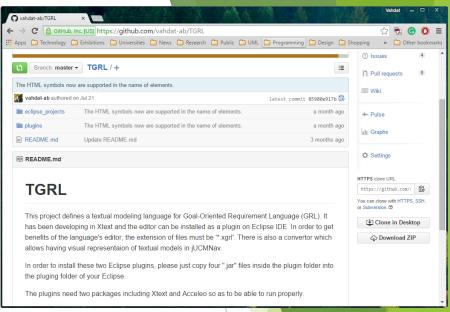
contributionGroup SomeOverrides includes FirstOverride,
SecondOverride;



TGRL Editor and Transformation

- Eclipse plugin
- Open source (https://github.com/vahdat-ab/TGRL)
- Developed with Xtext
- Supports syntax highlight, an outline view, annotation of syntactic errors, content assistance, and code formatting









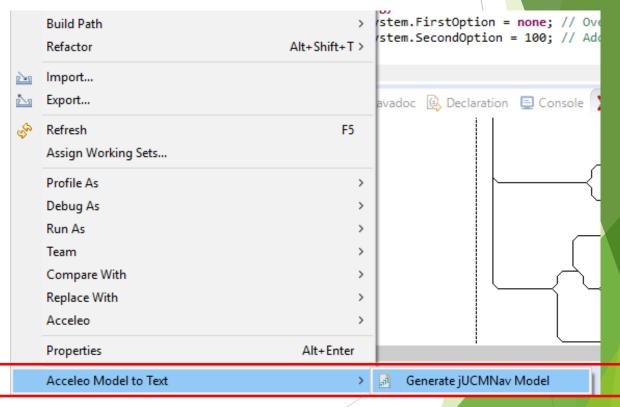
TGRL Editor and Transformation cont.

Transforms TGRL models to URN/jUCMNav

models

Model-to-code transformation (implemented with Acceleo)

Not handling the layout







Conclusion

- Illustrated a new textual syntax for GRL, called TGRL, with a full coverage of the language.
- Covered many concepts such as indicators, strategies, contribution overrides, metadata and URN links.
- Developed a feature-rich Eclipse-based editor.
- Implemented an automated conversion to GRL models readable by jUCMNav.

Future Work

- The language and the tool require further and more rigorous validation.
- Improving by the inclusion of additional static semantic rules to ensure the correctness of the GRL models
- A transformation from jUCMNav to TGRL (or develop a synchronized textual and graphical tool)
- Combine TGRL (for goals) with Umple (for design and implementation) as they provide complementary concepts
- Extend this language to support the whole URN standard

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Thank You for your Attention

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